



**CONDENSED INTERIM
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE PERIOD OF SIX
MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020**

**THE LUBELSKI WĘGIEL BOGDANKA GROUP
BOGDANKA, SEPTEMBER 2020**

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (BALANCE SHEET)

	Note	As at	
		30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,517,179	3,282,449
Intangible assets	6	62,398	63,676
Right-of-use assets	7.1	18,354	18,094
Investment properties	8	3,054	3,140
Deferred tax assets		2,402	1,890
Trade and other receivables	9	1,309	6,533
Cash and cash equivalents	11	134,982	133,998
Total non-current assets		3,739,678	3,509,780
Current assets			
Inventories	10	146,630	104,248
Trade and other receivables	9	220,575	238,951
Overpaid income tax	23.3	3,843	16,745
Cash and cash equivalents	11	264,384	382,740
Total current assets		635,432	742,684
TOTAL ASSETS		4,375,110	4,252,464
Equity			
Equity attributable to owners of the Parent			
Ordinary shares	12	301,158	301,158
Other capitals		2,314,378	2,314,378
Retained profits		637,015	602,607
		3,252,551	3,218,143
Non-controlling interests		10,469	10,359
Total equity		3,263,020	3,228,502
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	15	9,376	10,894
Deferred income tax liability		239,411	238,477
Provisions for employee benefits	16	172,578	159,225
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	17	194,383	171,635
Grants		11,945	12,224
Lease liabilities	7.1	17,405	17,466
Trade and other liabilities	14	34,461	39,879
		679,559	649,800
Current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	15	3,164	3,182
Provisions for employee benefits	16	38,399	32,740
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	17	25,969	24,692
Grants		469	469
Lease liabilities	7.1	1,299	1,081
Trade and other liabilities	14	363,102	311,554
Liabilities under contracts with customers		129	444
		432,531	374,162
Total liabilities		1,112,090	1,023,962
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		4,375,110	4,252,464

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
		2020	2019
Revenue from contracts with customers, including:	18	849,011	1,098,336
<i>Core business revenue</i>	18	826,235	1,071,969
<i>Additional business revenue</i>	18	22,776	26,367
Costs of products, goods and materials sold		(723,779)	(806,086)
Gross profit		125,232	292,250
Selling costs		(14,840)	(17,681)
Administrative expenses		(61,388)	(50,440)
Other income	19	2,109	2,530
Other costs	20	(1,116)	(476)
Other profit/(loss) - net	21	(97)	15,624
Profit on operating activities		49,900	241,807
Finance income	22	2,460	8,299
Finance costs	22	(5,350)	(7,029)
Profit before taxation		47,010	243,077
Income tax	23.1	(10,341)	(45,154)
Net profit for the reporting period		36,669	197,923
including:			
- <i>attributable to the owners of the Parent</i>		36,559	197,730
- <i>attributable to non-controlling interests</i>		110	193

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Parent during the year (in PLN per share)	Note	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
		2020	2019
- Basic	24	1.07	5.81
- Diluted	24	1.07	5.81

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
		2020	2019
Net profit for the reporting period		36,669	197,923
Total other comprehensive loss for the reporting period Items which will never be subject to reclassification to profit or loss for the current period:			
Actuarial losses of defined benefit schemes	16	(2,656)	(781)
Income tax relating to non-transferrable items	23.1	505	148
Items which will never be subject to reclassification to profit or loss for the current period - total		(2,151)	(633)
Other net comprehensive loss for the reporting period		(2,151)	(633)
Other net comprehensive income for the reporting period - total		34,518	197,290
<i>including:</i>			
- <i>Attributable to owners of the Parent</i>		<i>34,408</i>	<i>197,097</i>
- <i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>		<i>110</i>	<i>193</i>

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	Other capitals				Retained profits	Total equity	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		Ordinary shares	Supplementary fund	Reserve capital	Other capital related to the Management Options Scheme				
As at 1 January 2020		301,158	702,549	1,607,990	3,839	602,607	3,218,143	10,359	3,228,502
Total net comprehensive income for the reporting period:		-	-	-	-	34,408	34,408	110	34,518
- <i>Net profit</i>		-	-	-	-	36,559	36,559	110	36,669
- <i>Other comprehensive loss</i>		-	-	-	-	(2,151)	(2,151)	-	(2,151)
As at 30 June 2020		301,158	702,549	1,607,990	3,839	637,015	3,252,551	10,469	3,263,020
As at 1 January 2019		301,158	702,549	1,581,903	3,839	350,490	2,939,939	10,177	2,950,116
Total net comprehensive income for the reporting period:		-	-	-	-	197,097	197,097	193	197,290
- <i>Net profit</i>		-	-	-	-	197,730	197,730	193	197,923
- <i>Other comprehensive loss</i>		-	-	-	-	(633)	(633)	-	(633)
Dividend for 2018	25	-	-	-	-	(25,510)	(25,510)	-	(25,510)
Transfer of the result for 2018	25	-	-	26,087	-	(26,087)	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2019		301,158	702,549	1,607,990	3,839	495,990	3,111,526	10,370	3,121,896

Notes presented on pages 10-41 constitute an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
		2020	2019
Cash flow from (used in) operating activities			
Cash inflow from operating activities*		227,417	382,123
Interest received and paid		(1,703)	(1,125)
Income tax paid		(5,583)	(47,462)
Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities		220,131	333,536
Cash flow from (used in) investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(334,190)	(237,090)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(2,243)	(2,649)
Inflow from the sale of property, plant and equipment		49	838
Interest received		2,462	1,979
Expenditure on other current investments		-	(68)
Inflows from other current investments		-	67
Outflow on account of funds being deposited in the bank account of the Mine Closure Fund		(984)	(979)
Net cash flow from (used in) investing activities		(334,906)	(237,902)
Cash flow from (used in) financing activities			
Lease payments		(1,782)	(2,029)
Repayments of loans and borrowings	15	(1,518)	(1,518)
Interest and commissions paid regarding financing activities		(281)	(412)
Net cash flow from (used in) financing activities		(3,581)	(3,959)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(118,356)	91,675
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		382,740	170,793
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		264,384	262,468

*Cash inflows from consolidated operating activities are detailed in table on page 10.

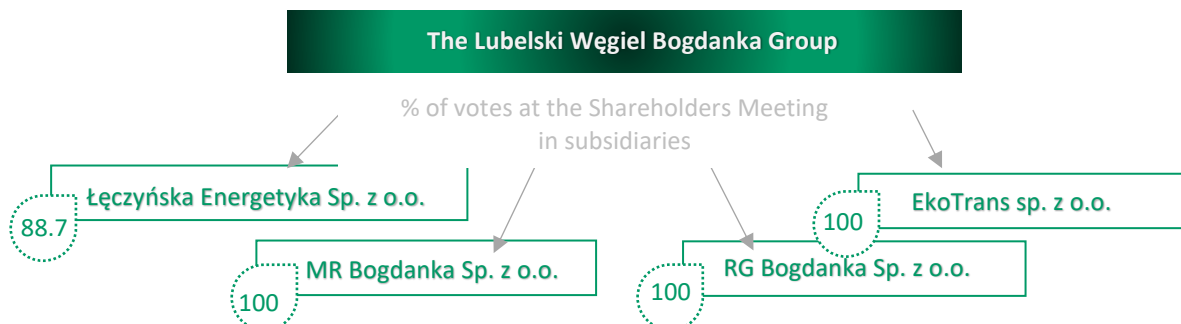
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
		2020	2019
Profit before taxation		47,010	243,077
- Depreciation of non-current assets	5	169,350	189,580
- Amortisation of intangible assets	6	1,639	1,245
- Depreciation of investments in real property	8	86	86
- Depreciation of right-of-use assets	7.1	1,183	1,701
- Profit/(loss) on sale of property, plant and equipment		61	(818)
- Profit/(loss) on liquidation of plant, property and equipment		15,725	20,407
- Actuarial losses as recognised in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	16	(2,656)	(781)
- Change in provisions for employee benefits	16	19,012	8,666
- Changes in provisions		4,707	(15,369)
- Other flows		1,965	1,915
- Release of impairment losses of property, plant and equipment		(1,050)	-
- Change in inventories	10	(42,382)	(31,204)
- Change in trade and other receivables	9	23,600	(85,925)
- Change in trade and other liabilities		(10,833)	49,543
Cash inflow from (used in) operating activities		227,417	382,123
Balance-sheet change in liabilities, liabilities under contracts with customers and grants		45,536	(31,808)
Set-off of income tax overpaid with other taxes payable		9,058	11,857
Change in investment liabilities		(65,427)	69,494
Change in liabilities for the purposes of the interim consolidated statement of cash flows		(10,833)	49,543
Increase in non-current assets	5	418,906	179,249
Increase resulting from revaluation of capitalised costs of liquidating non-current assets		(19,317)	(11,574)
Other non-cash adjustments		28	(79)
Change in investment liabilities		(65,427)	69,494
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		334,190	237,090
Increase in intangible assets	6	2,360	2,652
Other non-cash adjustments		(117)	(3)
Acquisition of intangible assets		2,243	2,649

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. The composition of the Group and the object of the Group's business

The Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka Group:



The Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka Group (hereinafter referred to as the "Group") is composed of the following companies:

The Parent

Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka S.A., with registered office in Bogdanka, 21-013 Puchaczów.

Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka S.A. is a joint stock company, operating under the laws of Poland. The Company was created as a result of the restructuring of the state enterprise Kopalnia Węgla Kamiennego Bogdanka with registered office in Bogdanka, under the Act on the Privatisation of State Enterprises of 13 July 1990.

On 26 March 2001, Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka Spółka Akcyjna was registered in the Register of Entrepreneurs of the National Court Register, under KRS No. 0000004549. At present the register is maintained by the District Court Lublin-Wschód in Lublin, with the seat in Świdnik, VI Commercial Division of the National Court Register.

The shares of LW Bogdanka S.A. are listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange in Warsaw.

The Company's core business activities, pursuant to the Polish Classification of Activity (PKD 0510Z), are mining and agglomeration of hard coal.

Subsidiaries

Łęczyńska Energetyka Sp. z o.o., with registered office in Bogdanka, 21-013, Puchaczów.

As at 30 June 2020, the Parent held 88.7% of shares in the capital of the subsidiary undertaking "Łęczyńska Energetyka" Sp. z o.o.

Łęczyńska Energetyka Sp. z o.o. provides services to the mine involving supplying heat energy and conducts water/wastewater management. In addition, the Company supplies heat energy to third parties like housing estates and other facilities in Łęczna. The company also conducts activities involving the construction and refurbishment of heat-generating, water supply and sewage disposal installations.

The company prepares its balance sheet as at 31 December.

EkoTRANS Bogdanka Sp. z o.o., with registered office in Bogdanka, 21-013 Puchaczów.

As at 30 June 2020, the Parent held 100.0% of shares in the capital of the subsidiary, EkoTRANS Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.

EkoTRANS Bogdanka Sp. z o.o. provides services to the mine with respect to transport, recovery and reuse of spoil arising during coal output cleaning and washing as well as reclamation services.

The company prepares its balance sheet as at 31 December.

RG Bogdanka Sp. z o.o., with registered office in Bogdanka, 21-013, Puchaczów.

As at 30 June 2020, the Parent held 100.0% of shares in the capital of the subsidiary, RG Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.

RG Bogdanka Sp. z o.o. provides services to the mine mainly with respect to the mining works, auxiliary works and run-of-mine services.

The company prepares its balance sheet as at 31 December.

MR Bogdanka Sp. z o.o., with registered office in Bogdanka, 21-013, Puchaczów.

As at 30 June 2020, the Parent held 100.0% of shares in the capital of the subsidiary, MR Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.

MR Bogdanka Sp. z o.o. provides services to the mine with respect to renovation, repair and construction services, works in underground machinery departments, regeneration and production of steel constructions.

The company prepares its balance sheet as at 31 December.

A breakdown characterising the Group's subsidiaries is presented below:

Name of the subsidiary	Balance-sheet total [PLN '000]	Equity [PLN '000]	% of shares held	Non-controlling interests	Restrictions in control; restrictions in consolidated assets and equity & liabilities	Consolidation method
Companies subject to consolidation in the current and previous periods:						
Łęczyńska Energetyka Sp. z o.o.	113,460	92,613	88.70	Non-controlling interests amount to 11.30% and are held by: Łęczna Municipality 11.29% Puchaczów Commune 0.01%	none	full
RG Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.	15,396	4,800	100.00	none	none	full
EkoTRANS Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.	3,897	476	100.00	none	none	full
MR Bogdanka Sp. z o.o.	7,816	4,542	100.00	none	none	full

Joining the structure of the ENEA Group

On 14 September 2015, ENEA S.A. announced a tender offer for the shares of the Parent, Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka S.A., and it declared its intention to acquire up to 64.57% of the total vote at the General Shareholders Meeting of Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka S.A. The transaction was completed on 29 October 2015. As a result, ENEA S.A. along with its subsidiary acquired a total of 66% of shares in Lubelski Węgiel Bogdanka S.A., which thus, along with its subsidiaries, became a part of the ENEA Group, whose parent is ENEA S.A. with registered office in Poznań.

The ultimate controlling entity is the State Treasury.

1.2. Assumption of going concern

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared under the assumption of going concern in the foreseeable future and of no circumstances indicating any risk to the continuation of the Group's activities.

Moreover, due to the situation resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic and in relation to the fact that the value of market capitalisation of the Parent has for an extended period of time stood at a level lower than the balance-sheet value of net assets, an impairment test was carried out. As a result, no impairment nor a threat to Parent's and Group's going concern was discovered.

2. DESCRIPTION OF KEY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (POLICIES) APPLIED

2.1. Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for the first half of 2020 were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting", as endorsed by the EU.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared according to the historical cost principle except for derivative instruments measured at fair value.

Historical cost is calculated on the basis of fair value of the payment made for goods or services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a customary transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless whether such price is directly observable or estimated using other valuation technique. In the fair value measurement of an asset or liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the given asset or liability if the market participants take them into account when pricing assets or liabilities at the measurement date. Fair value for the purpose of measurement and / or disclosure in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group is determined in accordance with the above principle, except for share-based payments which are covered by the scope of IFRS 2, lease transactions which are covered by the scope of IFRS 16, and measurements which are in a certain way similar to fair value but are not defined as fair value, such as net realisable value according to IAS 2 or value in use according to IAS 36.

2.1.1. New Accounting Policies

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared using the same accounting principles for the current and comparative periods; the financial statements follow the same accounting principles (policies) and calculating methods as the latest annual consolidated financial statements.

2.1.2. Material values based on professional assessment and estimates

Accounting estimates as well as the professional judgement of the Management Board regarding current and future events in individual fields are required for the preparation the condensed interim consolidated financial statements on the basis of the International Financial Reporting Standards and in accordance with the accounting policies.

The main accounting estimates and judgments are based on past experience as well as other factors, including assessments of future events which seem justified in a given situation. Accounting estimates and judgments are reviewed on a regular basis.

Key estimates and judgements have not changed since the publication of the annual consolidated financial statements for 2019 except for the update of assumptions regarding the impairment test for value of property, plant and equipment, elaborated on in note 5.2.

2.1.3. New standards and interpretations

The following new standards and amendments to the applicable standards that entered into force on 1 January 2020 were for the first time applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements:

a) *IFRS 3 "Business Combinations"*

The amendment to IFRS 3 resulted in a change in the definition of a 'business'. The current definition has been narrowed, which will probably result in more acquisition transactions to be classified as the acquisition of assets.

b) *Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and MSSF 7 related to the IBOR reform*

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and MSSF 7 published in 2019 modify some detailed requirements with respect to hedge accounting, primarily in order for the expected reform of reference rates (IBOR reform) not to cause the end of the hedge accounting.

c) IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors"

The Board has published a new definition of 'material'. The amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 make the definition of "material" more precise and increase consistency between the standards; it is however not expected that they will have a significant impact on the financial statements.

d) Amendments to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards

In 2019 amendments to references to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS standards, which are applicable as of 1 January 2020, were published. The reviewed Conceptual Framework are used by the Board and the Interpretations Committee during the work on new standards. Nevertheless, the entities preparing financial statements may use the Conceptual Framework in order to develop the accounting policies with respect to transactions which are not regulated in the applicable IFRS.

The application of other changes (amendments to IFRS 3, IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7 as well as IAS 1 and Conceptual Framework) did not significantly affect the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Published standards and interpretations which are not yet mandatory and have not been earlier applied by the Group

In these condensed interim consolidated financial statements the Group did not decide to earlier apply the following published standards, interpretations or revisions before they become effective:

a) Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"

The Board published amendments to IAS 1 which explain the matter of presenting liabilities as non-current and current. The published amendments are applicable to financial statements for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the amendment has not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

b) Amendments to IFRS 3 "Business Combinations"

The published amendments to the standard aim at updating appropriate reference for the Conceptual Framework in IFRS without introducing changes to the content related to business combinations accounting. As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the amendment has not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

c) Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment"

The amendment prohibits the adjustment of cost of producing plant, property and equipment by amounts received from the sale of components produced in the period of preparing property, plant and equipment to start functioning according to the management's plans. Instead, the entity will recognize the abovementioned revenue on sales and related costs directly in the profit and loss account. The amendment is applicable to financial statements for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the amendment has not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

d) Amendments to IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"

Amendments to IAS 37 provide clarification with respect to costs recognized by the entity in the analysis, whether an agreement is an onerous contract. The amendment is applicable to financial statements for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the amendment has not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

e) Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020 cycle

"Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020 cycle" amend the following standards: IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", IAS 41 "Agriculture" and examples illustrating in IFRS 16 "Leases".

Revisions include clarifications and make the guidelines in the standards regarding recognition and measurement more clarified. As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the amendments have not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

f) Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease"

On 28 May 2020 the Board published the amendment to IFRS 16 as a response to lease agreement changes in relation to coronavirus pandemic (Covid-19). Lessees are entitled to make use of exemptions and reliefs, which may take various forms, such as deferral or exemption of lease payments. Having considered the above, the Board simplified the assessment of whether these changes constitute

lease modifications. Lessees may apply the simplification involving not adhering to IFRS 16 policies concerning lease agreement modifications. This shall result in recognition of lease exemptions and reliefs as variable lease charge for the period in which an event causing the decreased payment occurred or an analogous condition is met. The amendment is applicable from 1 June 2020 but has not been yet endorsed by the European Union.

g) IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts"

The standard permits entities which are first-time adopters of IFRS (on or after 1 January 2016) to recognise amounts arising from rate-regulated activities in accordance with the accounting principles applied previously. To improve comparability with entities already applying IFRS and do not disclose such amounts, in accordance with the published IFRS 14, amounts arising from rate-regulated activities should be presented under a separate item, both in the statement of financial position and in the profit and loss account, and in the statement of other comprehensive income.

IFRS 14 has not been yet endorsed by a decision of the European Union.

h) Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 regarding sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

Amendments solve the problem of current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. Accounting treatment depends on whether non-monetary assets sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture constitute a business.

If non-monetary assets constitute a business, the investor discloses the full gain or loss on the transaction. If, however, assets do not satisfy the definition of a 'business', the investor recognises the loss or gain only with respect to a part representing interests of other investors.

Amendments were published on 11 September 2014. As at the date of drawing up these condensed interim financial statements, endorsement of this amendment has been postponed by the European Union.

The Group currently analyses the impact of the new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations on the consolidated financial statements. In the Group's assessment the consolidated financial statement will be mainly influenced by amendments to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment" with respect to including the value of coal obtain while driving roadways to the cost of driving (which will result in increased sales revenue and increased initial value of workings, which translates into higher impairment losses).

Other amendments (to IAS 1, IFRS 3, IAS 37, annual improvements to IFRS 2018-2020, amendments to IFRS 16, IFRS 10 and IAS 28) will affect the consolidated financial statements, but the Group believes it should be relatively small.

3. INFORMATION ON BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Key reporting structure - industry segments

The Group's core business is production and sale of coal. From 1 January to 30 June 2020, revenue on sales of other products and services amounted to PLN 22,776,000 (in the analogous period of 2019: PLN 26,367,000), representing, 2.7% of total revenue in 2020 and 2.4% in the analogous period of 2019.

Accordingly, the Group does not present its results by industry segments.

Supplementary reporting structure - geographical segments

The Group operates primarily in Poland. From 1 January to 30 June 2020 the Group made no foreign sales (in the analogous period of the previous year foreign sales amounted merely to PLN 37,000,000, representing less than 0.01% of total consolidated revenue). The Group does not hold the related assets or liabilities outside Poland.

Accordingly, the Group does not present its results by geographical segments.

Within the scope of its duties, the Management Board of the Parent analyses financial data which is in agreement with the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the IFRS.

Division into mining fields

The Parent carries out its activities within the area of three mining fields: Bogdanka, Nadrybie and Stefanów. The production assets are concentrated in the registered office of the Parent, in the centre of the Bogdanka Field, and are related to the remaining locations. For this reason, the Nadrybie and the Stefanów Fields cannot function separately. Due to the above-mentioned relations between the fields and departments, as well as the organisational system in place at the mine, all the assets of the Parent are treated as a single cash flow generating unit (CGU).

Key coal customers

In the period of 6 months of 2020 and 2019 the key customers for the Group's coal, whose share in sales exceeded 10% of the total revenue on sales, were:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Enea Wytwarzanie Sp. z o.o.	66%	61%
Enea Elektrownia Połaniec S.A.	16%	19%

4. INFORMATION CONCERNING SEASONALITY

The production is not seasonal, whereas seasonal character of sales can be noticed in the case of retail sales at a point of coal sale. Sales to retail customers account for less than 0.1% of total consolidated sales revenue. This has no significant effect on operating and financing activities of the Group.

5. NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	Buildings and structures				Vehicles	Other propert, plant and equipm ent	Constructi on in progress	Total
	Land	Total	Including workings	Plant and equipment				
As at 1 January 2020								
Cost or assessed value	11,507	3,405,599	2,296,594	2,501,385	107,201	28,669	218,364	6,272,725
Depreciation	-	(1,397,613)	(967,366)	(1,508,448)	(63,230)	(20,985)	-	(2,990,276)
Net book value	11,507	2,007,986	1,329,228	992,937	43,971	7,684	218,364	3,282,449
As at 30 June 2020								
Net book value at beginning of year	11,507	2,007,986	1,329,228	992,937	43,971	7,684	218,364	3,282,449
Increases	-	19,317	-	-	-	983	398,606	418,906
Transfer from construction in progress	12	105,510	100,858	24,416	397	232	(130,567)	-
Decreases	(111)	(15,544)	(15,544)	(221)	-	-	-	(15,876)
Amortisation	-	(91,102)	(77,741)	(73,912)	(2,715)	(1,621)	-	(169,350)
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,050	1,050
Net book value	11,408	2,026,167	1,336,801	943,220	41,653	7,278	487,453	3,517,179
As at 30 June 2020								
Cost or assessed value	11,408	3,401,661	2,268,755	2,515,444	107,550	28,228	487,453	6,551,744
Depreciation	-	(1,375,494)	(931,954)	(1,572,224)	(65,897)	(20,950)	-	(3,034,565)
Net book value	11,408	2,026,167	1,336,801	943,220	41,653	7,278	487,453	3,517,179
As at 1 January 2019								
Cost or assessed value	11,163	3,249,970	2,204,601	2,397,964	94,164	27,535	383,826	6,164,622
Depreciation	-	(1,454,024)	(1,053,513)	(1,358,075)	(62,568)	(19,662)	-	(2,894,329)
Net book value	11,163	1,795,946	1,151,088	1,039,889	31,596	7,873	383,826	3,270,293
As at 30 June 2019								
Net book value at beginning of year	11,163	1,795,946	1,151,088	1,039,889	31,596	7,873	383,826	3,270,293
Increases	-	11,574	-	-	-	867	166,808	179,249
Transfer from construction in progress	390	181,226	178,414	79,025	13,821	340	(274,802)	-
Decreases	-	(19,281)	(19,272)	(1,086)	(99)	(3)	(44)	(20,513)
Depreciation/amortisation	-	(103,048)	(87,681)	(82,322)	(2,627)	(1,583)	-	(189,580)
Net book value	11,553	1,866,417	1,222,549	1,035,506	42,691	7,494	275,788	3,239,449
As at 30 June 2019								
Cost or assessed value	11,553	3,230,029	2,170,767	2,469,859	103,750	27,133	275,788	6,118,112
Depreciation	-	(1,363,612)	(948,218)	(1,434,353)	(61,059)	(19,639)	-	(2,878,663)
Net book value	11,553	1,866,417	1,222,549	1,035,506	42,691	7,494	275,788	3,239,449

5.1. Property, plant and equipment - workings

The tables below present short characteristics of galleries and other PPP items, disclosed under "Workings".

As at 30 June 2020:

	Quantity [items]	Length [m]	Initial value	Depreciation	Net value as at the balance- sheet date	Depreciation level in the given group
Walls disclosed in non-current assets, depreciated with the cost-of-production method, including:	28	29,766	450,655	(271,817)	178,838	60%
- depreciated until June 2020	8	2,775	128,680	(109,202)	19,478	85%
Galleries disclosed under non-current assets, depreciated according to useful life	236	90,924	1,514,414	(512,132)	1,002,282	34%
Other items, depreciated according to useful life (shafts, shaft towers, dams, reservoirs and other)	31	-	303,686	(148,005)	155,681	49%
Total as at 30 June 2020	295	120,690	2,268,755	(931,954)	1,336,801	41%

As at 30 June 2019:

	Quantity [items]	Length [m]	Initial value	Depreciation	Net value as at the balance- sheet date	Depreciation level in the given group
Walls disclosed in non-current assets, depreciated with the cost-of-production method, including:	25	23,637	453,027	(309,096)	143,931	68%
- Depreciated until June 2019	9	12,076	152,946	(65,251)	87,695	43%
Galleries disclosed under non-current assets, depreciated according to useful life	233	92,579	1,418,740	(497,240)	921,500	35%
Other items, depreciated according to useful life (shafts, shaft towers, dams, reservoirs and other)	31	-	299,000	(141,882)	157,118	47%
Total as at 30 June 2019	289	116,216	2,170,767	(948,218)	1,222,549	44%

5.2. Impairment losses on the property, plant and equipment

Impairment test as at 30 June 2020

When preparing the financial statements of the Company, the Parent's Management Board makes a periodic assessment of the premises indicating a possible impairment of assets, as instructed in IAS 36 "Impairment of assets". Due to the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic ("coronavirus"), causing companies to operate in volatile, non-standard and unprecedented conditions, the Parent's Management Board has to approach the analysis of such premises with particular attention. Having conducted such an assessment for the purpose of preparing the Group's consolidated interim financial statements as at 30 June 2020, the Parent's Management Board, based on an analysis of current economic and market situation, has found that the current value of market capitalisation of the Parent is still standing at a level lower than the balance-sheet value of net assets. It shall be emphasized that the aforementioned premise appeared by the end of the previous financial year and was the main cause of carrying out the impairment test as at 31 December 2019. Despite the full-scale pandemic took place in 2020, it did not constitute the prevailing premise indicating a possible impairment of assets but merely an additional premise which confirms the necessity to carry out an impairment test.

During the first 6 months of 2020 (compared to the end of the previous financial year) a further, yet not so significant drop in the share price of the Company, and thus - its market capitalisation - took place.

As the Parent's Management Board believes, this situation is primarily a result of factors beyond its control, such as political reasons and EU climate policy, and partially low liquidity of shares and low free float as well as economic slowdown stemming from the coronavirus pandemic.

Therefore, despite the non-current assets having been tested fairly recently for impairment, the Group is obliged to carry out an impairment test for cash-flow generating centres during the financial year, that is as at 30 June 2020.

Considering that it was not possible to determine the fair value for a very large group of assets for which no active market exist, neither are comparable transactions available, the recoverable value of the tested assets was determined in the process of estimating their usable value by employing the discounted cash flow method on the basis of financial projections for the period between 2020 (second half) and 2051 prepared by the Parent.

Key assumptions used for estimating the usable value of the assets subject to the test were as follows:

- Given that individual departments and the internal mine organisation are interrelated, all Parent's assets were deemed as one CGU;

As far as the subsidiaries are concerned, due to the nature of their activities, manner of functioning and possibility to sell the provided services and manufactured products, only assets collected in Łęczyńska Energetyka may be deemed as a separate CGU at a level of the Group. In this case no premises were identified to indicate any impairment of non-current assets, therefore no impairment test was performed.

- An average annual level of coal sales volume was determined to amount to 9.3 million tonnes in 2021-2035;
- The forecast period from 2020 (the second half) to 2051 was estimated on the basis of current coal resources, held by the Parent as at the balance-sheet date (available for use with the employment of the existing - as at the balance-sheet date - infrastructure, mainly with respect to shafts), considering the average annual extraction level of 9.3 million tonnes in 2021-2035 (in the subsequent years the average annual extraction level will gradually decrease, which is a consequence of the deposits in the Bogdanka Field beginning to run out and a result of the adopted assumption to use only the infrastructure which is currently available);
- The assumption regarding the coal price in the second half of 2020 as well as 2021-2043 was made on the basis of materials prepared for the whole Enea Group; the average price of coal was estimated at a level of PLN 10.81/GJ, assuming the side trend in the +/- 5% range; as from 2044 a stable price was assumed, standing at a level reached in 2043;
- The whole model is non-inflationary;
- Real increase in remunerations was assumed for the whole forecast period at a level reflecting best possible estimate of the Parent's Management Board, as at the date when the test was made;
- WACC of 6,77% during the whole period of the forecast, estimated on the basis of the latest economic data (with the risk-free rate of 1.98% and beta 1.07) was taken as a discount rate before taxation;
- The average annual level of CAPEX during the forecast period of PLN 253,562,000, including on average PLN 338,253,000 in 2021-2035.

The results of the test are presented in the table below:

As at 30 June 2020	Recoverable value of assets subject to the test	Net balance-sheet value of the assets subject to the test
Results of the impairment test	2,827,861	2,773,884

Analysis of model sensitivity to the change of key assumptions

The performed sensitivity analysis indicates that factors which are key for the estimates of the recoverable value of cash flow generating centres include discount rate and thermal coal price. The results of model sensitivity (change in recoverable value) to the change of key assumptions is presented in the table below.

Impact of the change in the financial discount (base value 6.77%):

Change of assumptions	-0.5 p.p.	Carrying amount	+0.5 p.p.
Changes in recoverable value	130,582	2,827,861	(122,525)

Impact of the change in coal price:

Change of assumptions	-0.5%	Carrying amount	+0.5%
Changes in recoverable value	(68,486)	2,827,861	68,486

Influence on the change of real increase in remunerations:

Change of assumptions	-0.5 p.p.	Carrying amount	+0.5 p.p.
Changes in recoverable value	268,702	2,827,861	(268,702)

Other impairment losses

The status of impairment losses on property, plant and equipment is presented in the table below:

	Land	Plant and equipment	Construction in progress	Total
As at 1 January 2020	4,394	3,187	8,018	15,599
Release of revaluation write-offs due to impairment of value	-	-	(1,050)	(1,050)
As at 30 June 2020	4,394	3,187	6,968	14,549
As at 1 January 2019	4,394	3,187	8,267	15,848
As at 30 June 2019	4,394	3,187	8,267	15,848

The release of the impairment losses in relation to construction in progress was disclosed in the consolidated interim income statement under "Other net profits/(losses)".

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer software	Fees, licences	Geological information	Other	Total
As at 1 January 2020					
Cost or assessed value	8,296	20,496	54,343	10,550	93,685
Depreciation	(4,838)	(4,263)	(13,567)	(7,341)	(30,009)
Net book value	3,458	16,233	40,776	3,209	63,676
As at 30 June 2020					
Net book value at beginning of year	3,458	16,233	40,776	3,209	63,676
Increases	163	693	-	1,504	2,360
Decreases	-	-	-	(1,999)	(1,999)
Amortisation	(319)	(511)	(680)	(129)	(1,639)
Net book value	3,302	16,415	40,096	2,585	62,398
As at 30 June 2020					
Cost or assessed value	8,459	21,189	54,343	8,366	92,357
Depreciation	(5,157)	(4,774)	(14,247)	(5,781)	(29,959)
Net book value	3,302	16,415	40,096	2,585	62,398
As at 1 January 2019					
Cost or assessed value	8,890	18,380	54,343	3,855	85,468
Depreciation	(5,829)	(4,442)	(12,658)	(3,695)	(26,624)
Net book value	3,061	13,938	41,685	160	58,844
As at 30 June 2019					
Net book value at beginning of year	3,061	13,938	41,685	160	58,844
Increases	8	237	-	2,407	2,652
Decreases	-	(319)	-	(1,520)	(1,839)
Depreciation/amortisation	(257)	(440)	(455)	(93)	(1,245)
Net book value	2,812	13,416	41,230	954	58,412
As at 30 June 2019					
Cost or assessed value	8,857	17,405	54,343	6,262	86,867
Depreciation	(6,045)	(3,989)	(13,113)	(5,308)	(28,455)
Net book value	2,812	13,416	41,230	954	58,412

7. LEASES

7.1. Right-of-use assets

The table below presents changes due to the right-of-use assets:

	Right of perpetual usufruct of land	Vehicles	Total
As at 1 January 2020			
Cost or assessed value	17,596	3,812	21,408
Depreciation	(496)	(2,818)	(3,314)
Net book value	17,100	994	18,094
As at 30 June 2020			
Net book value at beginning of year	17,100	994	18,094
Increases	-	1,447	1,447
Decreases	-	(4)	(4)
Amortisation	(247)	(936)	(1,183)
Net book value	16,853	1,501	18,354
As at 30 June 2020			
Cost or assessed value	17,596	5,234	22,830
Depreciation	(743)	(3,733)	(4,476)
Net book value	16,853	1,501	18,354
As at 1 January 2019			
Cost or assessed value	17,596	3,814	21,410
Depreciation	-	-	-
Net book value	17,596	3,814	21,410
As at 30 June 2019			
Net book value at beginning of year	17,596	3,814	21,410
Increases	-	83	83
Depreciation/amortisation	(264)	(1,437)	(1,701)
Net book value	17,332	2,460	19,792
As at 30 June 2019			
Cost or assessed value	17,596	3,897	21,493
Depreciation	(264)	(1,437)	(1,701)
Net book value	17,332	2,460	19,792

Costs related to the right-of-use assets are as follows:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,183	1,701
Finance costs	496	531
Total	1,679	2,232

Changes in lease liabilities and the balance as at balance-sheet date are presented in the table below:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
As at 1 January	18,547	21,410
Increases	1,447	83
Decreases	(4)	-
Principal instalment under financial lease agreements	(1,286)	(1,498)
Total	18,704	19,995

Maturity structure of lease liabilities as at the balance-sheet date is presented in the table below:

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Less than 1 year	1,299	1,081
From 1 year to 2 years	115	106
From 2 to 5 years	288	257
More than 5 years	17,002	17,103
Total	18,704	18,547

7.2. Operating lease

Minimum future payments on operating lease agreements which cannot be revoked are as follows:

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Less than 1 year	210	272
From 1 year to 2 years	166	166
From 2 to 5 years	167	250
Total	543	688

The Group is also a party to lease agreements of specialist plant and machinery and vehicles which do not meet the criteria to be disclosed as financial lease. The agreements are concluded for various terms. In part, they are short-term agreements with the objective to check the quality of manufacture and fitness for use of plant and machinery in the technological process. Agreements concluded for more than 2 years include a provision about possible indexation of the rate using a goods and services price index. Selected short-term agreements are not covered with IFRS 16 "Leases" and therefore are not presented in the balance sheet as the right-to-use asset.

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
As at 1 January	3,140	3,312
Amortisation	(86)	(86)
Total	3,054	3,226

Investment properties relate to a holiday resort Kalnica, located in the Bieszczady mountains, owned by Łęczyńska Energetyka Sp. z o.o., the Parent's subsidiary.

The table below shows revenue and costs connected with investment properties:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Revenue on investment properties	63	57
Operating expenses related to investment properties	(129)	(127)

The fair value of the investment properties estimated as at the balance-sheet date is higher from the net book value and amounts to approx. PLN 4,331,000. The Group's investment properties' fair value was calculated by an independent expert by comparing to market prices of transactions covering similar real properties.

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Trade receivables	178,399	213,313
Less: impairment losses of receivables	(4,495)	(6,286)
Net trade receivables	173,904	207,027
Accruals and deferrals	42,492	31,063
Other receivables	4,179	861
Current	220,575	238,951
Accruals and deferrals	854	6,078
Other receivables	455	455
Non-current	1,309	6,533
Total trade and other receivables	221,884	245,484

Fair value of trade and other receivables does not differ significantly from their carrying amount.

All receivables of the Group are expressed in PLN.

Changes in the impairment losses of trade receivables are presented below:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
As at 1 January	6,286	5,545
Creating impairment loss	91	482
Receivables written down during the year as uncollectible	(28)	(115)
Reversal of unused amounts	(1,854)	(119)
Total	4,495	5,793

Creation and release of impairment losses was disclosed in the interim consolidated income statement under "Selling costs". Other categories of trade and other receivables do not included items of reduced value.

Maturity structure of accounts receivable with impairment of value is presented in the table below:

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Up to 1 month	132	212
6 to 12 months	1	-
Above 12 months	4,362	6,074
Total	4,495	6,286

Maturity structure of receivables with respect to which the payment deadline has elapsed, which are however unlikely to lose value, is presented in the table below:

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Up to 1 month	2,113	2,700
1 to 3 months	51	45
3 to 6 months	189	91
6 to 12 months	51	39
Above 12 months	113	80
Total	2,517	2,955

Maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is the fair value of each category of receivables described above.

10. INVENTORIES

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Materials	75,103	72,841
Finished goods	71,527	31,407
Total	146,630	104,248

Cost of inventories in the consolidated interim income statement was disclosed under "Cost of products, goods and materials sold" totalling PLN 723,779,000 in the first 6 months of 2020 (PLN 806,086,000 in the same period of the previous year).

As at 30 June 2020 (as well as in 2020) the Group did not create impairment losses for inventories. The same situation took place last year.

No collateral was established on inventories.

11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Cash in banks	38,848	33,854
Bank deposits	360,518	482,884
Total	399,366	516,738
<i>Including:</i>		
<i>Non-current</i>	134,982	133,998
<i>Current</i>	264,384	382,740
	399,366	516,738

As at 30 June 2020 the value of cash with restricted liquidity amounted to PLN 142,905,000 (31 December 2019: PLN 147,615,000) including PLN 134,982,000 of funds deposited in the Mine Closure Fund for the coverage of the costs of closing a mine (31 December 2019: PLN 133,998,000), and the remainder refers to funds collected on separate VAT accounts. Cash held by the Group is denominated in PLN.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares ('000)	Ordinary shares - par value	Hyperinflation adjustment	Total
As at 1 January 2020	34,014	170,068	131,090	301,158
As at 30 June 2020	34,014	170,068	131,090	301,158
As at 1 January 2019	34,014	170,068	131,090	301,158
As at 30 June 2019	34,014	170,068	131,090	301,158

All shares issued by the Parent have been fully paid up.

13. OTHER CAPITALS

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the Parent can create supplementary capital and other reserve capitals, the purpose of which is determined by provisions of law and resolutions of decision-making bodies. Other capital includes supplementary capital under the Management Options issue and capital resulting from valuation of cash flow hedging financial instruments (partially deemed an efficient hedge).

Other capital related to the Management Options Scheme

Other capital related to the Management Options Scheme refers to the Management Options Scheme adopted by virtue of the Supervisory Board of the Parent dated 30 September 2013, for the period 2013-2017. In Q3 2018 the Parent and all beneficiaries of the Scheme (the persons to whom option may be granted) concluded arrangements under which Scheme participation agreements of the beneficiaries were terminated. Each beneficiary was paid compensation of PLN 1. Upon conclusion of the above arrangements the Management Options Scheme was ultimately closed. The amount PLN 3,839,000 disclosed in the interim consolidated statement of changes in equity may be transferred to retained profits.

Equity on valuation of cash flow hedges

Other capitals may include also derivatives used as cash flow hedges (in the part deemed the efficient hedge) after tax effect. During the first six months of 2020 and the first six months of 2019 the Group held no financial instruments hedging cash flows.

Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests relate exclusively to the subsidiary Łęczyńska Energetyka Sp. z o.o., and are owned by the Łęczna Municipality (11.29%) and by the Puchaczów Commune (0.01%) - 11.30% in total. In the first half of 2020 total income attributable to non-controlling interests amounted to PLN 110,000 (PLN 193,000 in the analogous period of 2019).

Retained profits

Apart from net earnings for the current year attributable to shareholders of the Parent, the amount of retained profits consists of retained earnings, non-transferrable actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit schemes attributable to shareholders of the Parent, and capital arising from fair value measurement of property, plant and equipment as at the date on which the IAS/IFRS were first applied.

Components of equity not subject to distribution

Under Article 396.1 of the Commercial Companies Code applicable to the Parent and its subsidiaries, a supplementary fund must be created to cover possible losses; at least 8% of profit for the given financial year must be transferred to the supplementary fund until it amounts to at least a third of the share capital. This portion of the supplementary fund is not available for distribution for the benefit of shareholders. As at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, this value was PLN 100,386,000.

Also actuarial gains/(losses) relating to provisions for post-employment benefits recognised through comprehensive income, are not included in the distribution.

14. TRADE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Trade liabilities	109,200	117,017
Other liabilities, including:	245,644	165,253
- <i>Company Social Benefits Fund</i>	7,973	1,082
- <i>Liabilities on security deposit</i>	3,652	7,254
- <i>Investment liabilities</i>	124,241	60,553
- <i>Salaries payable</i>	26,941	54,382
- <i>Other liabilities</i>	82,837	41,982
Total financial liabilities	354,844	282,270
Liabilities - social security and other tax payable	42,719	69,163
Trade and other liabilities	397,563	351,433
<i>Including:</i>		
- <i>Non-current</i>	34,461	39,879
- <i>Current</i>	363,102	311,554
Total	397,563	351,433

Fair value of trade and other receivables does not differ significantly from their carrying amount.

15. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Long-term:	9,376	10,894
Special purpose loans	9,376	10,894
- <i>Regional Environmental Protection Fund in Lublin</i>	9,376	10,894
Short-term:	3,164	3,182
Special purpose loans	3,164	3,182
- <i>Regional Environmental Protection Fund in Lublin</i>	3,164	3,182
Total	12,540	14,076

In 2014 the subsidiary Łęczyńska Energetyka received from the Regional Environmental Protection Fund in Lublin a special purpose loan intended for financing an investment "Construction of a water treatment facility in Bogdanka along with technological connections". The loan has been repaid in equal monthly instalments since November 2015. The due date for payment of the last instalment is 31 March 2024. The loan bears interest of 0.7 of the rediscount rate of bills of exchange set by the Monetary Policy Council (however not less than 4% annually). The loan is secured with a blank promissory note to the amount of PLN 34,554,000 as well as assignment of receivables under a heat sale agreement concluded with the Parent. During the first 6 months of 2020 Łęczyńska Energetyka, with respect to the above loan, repaid a principal amount of PLN 1,518,000.

On 12 May 2020, the Parent entered with Bank Gospodarstwa Krajowego ("BGK") into a revolving overdraft facility agreement with a limit of PLN 150 million. Interest on the loan is based on WIBOR 1M and bank's fixed margin. The repayment is scheduled to take place by 12 May 2021. As at the balance-sheet date the limit was not used.

Statement of submission to execution and authorization to all Parent's bank accounts kept with BGK constitute collateral for the overdraft.

The fair value of loans does not significantly differ from their carrying amount. Loans received by the Group are denominated in Polish zlotys.

Changes to the balance of liabilities under loans and the status as at 30 June 2020 and 2019 are presented in the table below:

	REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FUND IN LUBLIN	TOTAL
As at 1 January 2020	14,076	14,076
Repayment of principal instalments	(1,518)	(1,518)
Accrued interest	263	263
Interest paid	(281)	(281)
As at 30 June 2020	12,540	12,540
As at 1 January 2019	17,142	17,142
Repayment of principal instalments	(1,518)	(1,518)
Accrued interest	323	323
Interest paid	(340)	(340)
As at 30 June 2019	15,607	15,607

16. PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	As at	
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Provisions disclosed in the interim consolidated statement of financial position, for:		
Retirement and disability benefits	63,307	60,106
Long service awards	125,932	115,287
Other benefits for employees (unused holidays, salaries and wages, death benefits etc.)	21,738	16,572
Total	210,977	191,965

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Costs disclosed in the interim consolidated income statement:		
Retirement and disability benefits	3,162	2,831
Long service awards	16,178	6,576
Other benefits for employees (unused holidays, salaries and wages, death benefits etc.)	14,067	9,888
Total	33,407	19,295

The significant increase in provisions for employee benefits as at 30 June 2020 is mainly attributable to further drop in the discount rate assumed for actuarial valuation as at 30 June 2020 to the level of 1.70 p.p. (as at 31 December 2019 the discount rate amounted to 2.15 p.p.). This influenced, in particular, the decrease in value of provisions for long-service awards, retirement and post-employment benefits, and death benefits, with the value of provisions for long-service awards experiencing the most significant increase, which can be seen in the value of actuarial losses charged directly into consolidated interim financial result in the amount of PLN 8,685,000.

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Costs as disclosed in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income		
Retirement and disability benefits	2,570	866
Other benefits for employees (death benefits)	86	(85)
Total	2,656	781

Change in provisions for employee benefits liabilities:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
As at 1 January	191,965	165,156
Costs of current employment (including unused holidays, salaries and wages, death benefits and other)	23,044	17,441
Interest expense	1,678	2,100
Actuarial losses as disclosed in the interim consolidated income statement	8,685	(246)
Actuarial losses as recognised in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	2,656	781
Recognised in the comprehensive income, total	36,063	20,076
Benefits paid	(17,051)	(11,410)
As at 30 June	210,977	173,822
<i>Including:</i>		
- Non-current	172,578	136,336
- Current	38,399	37,486

Employee benefits costs are recognised in the interim consolidated income statement and the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Costs of products, goods and materials sold	28,953	15,654
Selling costs	149	86
Administrative expenses	2,627	1,455
Finance costs	1,678	2,100
Total as disclosed in the interim consolidated income statement	33,407	19,295
Actuarial losses as recognised in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	2,656	781
Total as disclosed in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	36,063	20,076

17. PROVISIONS FOR OTHER LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Provision for mine closure and land reclamation	Mining damage	Legal claims	Real property tax	ZUS claims - contribution for accident insurance	Other	Total
As at 1 January 2020	171,635	2,149	12,034	10,306	-	203	196,327
<i>Including:</i>							
<i>Non-current</i>	171,635	-	-	-	-	-	171,635
<i>Current</i>	-	2,149	12,034	10,306	-	203	24,692
Disclosure in the interim consolidated statement of financial position							
- <i>Update of the provision created</i>	20,996	-	-	-	-	-	20,996
Disclosure in the interim consolidated income statement							
- <i>Creation of additional provisions</i>	-	-	128	-	-	1,134	1,262
- <i>Use of the created provision</i>	-	(123)	(37)	-	-	(261)	(421)
- <i>Interest</i>	-	-	134	302	-	-	436
- <i>Discount settlement</i>	1,752	-	-	-	-	-	1,752
As at 30 June 2020	194,383	2,026	12,259	10,608	-	1,076	220,352
<i>Including:</i>							
<i>Non-current</i>	194,383	-	-	-	-	-	194,383
<i>Current</i>	-	2,026	12,259	10,608	-	1,076	25,969
As at 1 January 2019	124,207	3,184	11,677	41,431	22,658	206	203,363
<i>Including:</i>							
<i>Non-current</i>	124,207	-	-	-	-	-	124,207
<i>Current</i>	-	3,184	11,677	41,431	22,658	206	79,156
Disclosure in the interim consolidated statement of financial position							
- <i>Update of the provision created</i>	12,393	-	-	-	-	-	12,393
Disclosure in the interim consolidated income statement							
- <i>Creation of additional provisions</i>	-	-	50	3,183	-	179	3,412
- <i>Use of the created provision</i>	-	(228)	(2)	-	-	(105)	(335)
- <i>Release of an unused provision</i>	-	-	-	-	(22,658)	-	(22,658)
- <i>Interest</i>	-	-	149	1,433	-	-	1,582
- <i>Discount settlement</i>	1,812	-	-	-	-	-	1,812
As at 30 June 2019	138,412	2,956	11,874	46,047	-	280	199,569
<i>Including:</i>							
<i>Non-current</i>	138,412	-	-	-	-	-	138,412
<i>Current</i>	-	2,956	11,874	46,047	-	280	61,157

Mine closure and land reclamation

The Group creates a provision for costs of mine closure and land reclamation, which it is obliged to incur under current laws. The value of mining plant closure and land reclamation calculated as at 30 June 2020 amounts to: PLN 194,383,000 including provision for mine closure of PLN 185,720,000 and provision for land reclamation of PLN 8,663,000. The change in provision compared to 31 December 2019 is PLN 22,748,000; an increase resulting from the reversal of the discount write-off of PLN 1,752,000 were recognised in the interim consolidated income statement under "Costs of products, goods and materials sold" and "Finance cost", respectively, while an increase caused by update of assumptions, amounting in total to PLN 20,996,000, was recognised in the interim consolidated statement of financial position as an increase in "Property, plant and equipment".

Removing mining damage

Given the need of removing mining damage, the Group creates a provision for mining damage. The estimated value of works necessary to remove damage as at 30 June 2020 amounts to PLN 2,026,000, and covers predominantly planned costs which will have to be incurred in connection with removal of damage in buildings and compensations for damage to agricultural land. For the first 6 months of 2020 the amount of the used provision totalled PLN 123,000 (compared to PLN 228,000 for the same period of the previous year).

Legal claims

The amount disclosed constitutes a provision for certain legal claims filed against the Group by customers and suppliers. The value of made/released provisions in the current period is disclosed in the consolidated income statement under other income/expenses. In the Management Board's opinion, supported by appropriate legal opinions, those claims being filed will not result in significant losses in an amount that would exceed the value of provisions created as at 30 June 2020. The provision for legal claims has not changed significantly compared to the end of the prior financial year (as at 31 December 2019).

Real property tax

The amount disclosed constitutes a provision for real property tax. The essence of the dispute between the Parent and territorial local government units was elaborated on by the Parent in the consolidated financial statements for previous years. The point is that while preparing statements for real property tax, the Parent (like other mining companies in Poland) has not, so far, taken into account the value of underground mine workings or the value of equipment installed there, for the purpose of calculating this tax.

During 2014-2017 mutual receivables and liabilities regarding the real property tax were partially compensated.

At the end of 2018 decisions issued by the Commune Heads and determining real property tax for the Parent for 2013 (Ludwin, Puchaczów, and Cyców Communes) were upheld by the Local Government Appellate Court, and so it was decided to make the settlement of real property tax receivables and liabilities. As a result of the settlement, a provision, created earlier, was used in the amount of PLN 9,485,000 (mainly using the amount was in a set-off with overpayments made by the Parent).

In August 2019, in order to secure against any possible negative consequences for the Parent in the form of interest on past due real property tax, if the decisions of the authorities (to the effect that equipment and lining in the workings should be included in the tax base) were eventually upheld, the Parent decided to include in its calculations, for the purpose of that tax, the value of underground mine workings and lining (since components of mine workings have appeared in majority of judgements) and to pay past due tax including interest for 2016-2019. The corrected tax returns were filed and the past due tax was paid on 6 August 2019 and the total amount paid to Puchaczów, Cyców, and Ludwin Communes amounted to PLN 27,610,000. This operation had no impact on the Group's consolidated financial result (the Group used a portion of a provision earlier created for this purpose).

Further, at the end of 2019, decisions issued by the Commune Heads and determining real property tax for the Parent for 2014 (Ludwin, Puchaczów, and Cyców Communes) were upheld by the Local Government Appellate Court, and so it was decided to make the mutual settlement of real property tax receivables and liabilities. As a result of the settlement, an earlier created provision was used in the amount of PLN 9,183,000 (similarly as in previous years, mainly using the amount was in a set-off with overpayments made by the Parent with a partial additional payment from the Parent).

At the same time, revenue calculated by the Parent due on account of overpaid property tax (valued as at 31 December 2019 at PLN 184,000.00), recognized thus far simultaneously with provision in the scope concerning underground workings, was entirely settled in the first 6 months of 2020.

18. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Sale of coal	826,235	1,071,969
Other activities	16,736	16,265
Sale of goods and materials	6,040	10,102
Revenue from contracts with customers	849,011	1,098,336

The main categories of contracts falling within the above types of revenue include:

- Contracts for the sale of coal, relating to the core activities of the Group; those contracts may be of two types - with transport service (where the Group arranges transport for the customer) or without the service.
- Contracts for the sale of goods and materials, relating mainly to the sale of scrap; revenue from such sales accounts for a slight share in the total consolidated revenue. The total value of all revenue on that account during the first 6 months of 2020 amounted to PLN 6,040,000 (PLN 10,102,000 in the same period of the previous year).
- Contracts relating to the sale of other services, in which the largest portion relates to revenue from renting space in the bath - the so called hook places and closets. The service is provided almost exclusively to the Parent's subcontractors (providing services within the scope of mining works), whose employees are required to use the bath under occupational and safety regulations. The total value of consolidated revenue from renting bath space during the first 6 months of 2020 amounted to PLN 3,855,000 (PLN 4,655,000 in the same period of the previous year).

19. OTHER INCOME

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Compensations and damages received	652	907
Return of the excise tax	1,053	738
Other,	404	885
<i>including:</i>		
- Release of other provisions for liabilities	153	105
- Release of impairment losses	58	87
- Other income	193	693
Total other income	2,109	2,530

20. OTHER COSTS

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Donations	(929)	(401)
Compensation	(96)	-
Other	(91)	(75)
Total other costs	(1,116)	(476)

21. OTHER PROFIT /(LOSS) – NET

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
(Loss)/Profit on sale of non-current assets	(61)	800
Currency exchange differences	(4)	(21)
Release of impairment losses due to impairment of construction in progress	1,050	-
Profit/(loss) on liquidation of non-current assets	(182)	(1,135)
Release of provision for Social Insurance Institution (ZUS) claims related to contribution for accident insurance	-	16,398
Other	(900)	(418)
Total other profit /(loss) - net	(97)	15,624

22. FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Interest income on short-term bank deposits	1,462	1,034
Other income, including:	998	7,265
- <i>Interest regarding the Mine Closure Fund</i>	913	939
- <i>Release of provision for Social Insurance Institution (ZUS) claims related to contribution for accident insurance</i>	-	6,260
- <i>Other</i>	85	66
Total finance income	2,460	8,299
Interest and commissions on bank loans, borrowings and bonds	(263)	(323)
Interest expense on valuation of employee benefits	(1,678)	(2,100)
Settlement of discount on regarding provision for the Mine Closure Fund and land reclamation	(1,752)	(1,812)
Profit/(loss) on the settlement of interest on real property tax	(273)	-
Creation of a provision and impairment losses of interest	(396)	(1,788)
Interest on the lease of non-current assets	(496)	(531)
Other costs	(492)	(475)
Total finance costs	(5,350)	(7,029)

23. INCOME TAX

23.1. Tax burden

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Current tax	9,437	46,080
Correction of income tax for previous periods	(23)	1,922
Deferred tax charged into finance income	927	(2,848)
Deferred tax charged into other comprehensive income: <i>- as actuarial losses as recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income</i>	(505) (505)	(148) (148)
Total	9,836	45,006

23.2. Reconciliation of an effective tax rate

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Profit before taxation	47,010	243,077
Tax calculated at the rate of 19%	8,932	46,185
Correction of income tax for previous years	(23)	1,922
Tax effect of income permanently excluded from the taxable base, including:	-	(4,100)
<i>- Release of provision for Social Insurance Institution (ZUS) claims related to contribution for accident insurance (interest + sanction)</i>	-	(3,726)
<i>- Other</i>	-	(374)
Tax effect of costs permanently excluded from the taxable base	1,432	1,147
<i>- Payment to the National Fund for the Disabled</i>	752	680
<i>- Provision for interest on real property tax</i>	52	189
<i>- Impairment loss for interest receivable from the central budget and interest payable to the central budget</i>	-	109
<i>- Donations</i>	176	75
<i>- Other interest</i>	-	94
<i>- Other</i>	452	-
Decrease in financial result by the income tax	10,341	45,154
Effective tax rate	22%	19%

Income tax in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements was determined with the application of nominal interest rate for 2020 amounting to 19.0% (2019: 19.0%).

The regulations concerning value added tax, real property tax, corporate income tax, personal income tax and social security contributions are frequently changed. As a result, there is sometimes no reference to established regulations or legal precedents. The applicable regulations also contain ambiguities which result in differences in opinions regarding the legal interpretation of tax regulations, both between state authorities and between state authorities and businesses.

Tax and other settlements (e.g. customs or foreign currency settlements) can be inspected by the authorities which are entitled to impose heavy fines, and additional amounts of liabilities established as a result of an inspection must be paid with high interest. As a result, the tax risk in Poland is greater than that which usually exists in countries with more advanced tax systems. Tax settlements can be inspected within a five-year period. Amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements can therefore be changed after their amount has been finally determined by the tax authorities.

23.3. Current income tax - receivables and liabilities

Receivables related to the overpayment of current income tax in the amount of PLN 3,843,000 which are disclosed in the interim consolidated statement of financial position are mainly a result of an overpayment of the Company's corporate income tax due for 2020.

24. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic

Basic earnings per share are calculated as the quotient of the profit attributable to the shareholders of the Parent and the weighted average number of ordinary shares during the year.

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Earnings attributable to owners of the Parent	36,559	197,730
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000)	34,014	34,014
Basic earnings per share (in PLN)	1.07	5.81

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares as if an exchange was made for potential ordinary shares causing dilution. As at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the Parent did not have instruments causing dilution of potential ordinary shares.

25. DIVIDEND PER SHARE

On 30 June 2020 the Parent's Annual General Shareholders Meeting took place, during which a resolution on adjourning the Meeting and setting it on 29 July 2020 was adopted. At the Annual General Shareholders Meeting on 29 July 2020, the Shareholders of the Parent adopted a resolution on distribution of profit for 2019, under which the entire net profit of the Parent amounting to PLN 306,184,000 was allocated for reserve capital.

The dividend rate to shareholders of the Company is presented in the table below.

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Dividend due	-	25,510
Number of ordinary shares as at the dividend date ('000)	34,014	34,014
Dividend per share (in PLN)	-	0.75

The dividend rate per share is calculated as the quotient of the dividend attributable to owners of the Parent and the number of ordinary shares as at the dividend date.

26. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value.

Financial instruments measured at fair value may be categorised to the following valuation models:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in an active market,
- Level 2: data inputs, other than quoted prices used in Level 1, which are observable for given assets and liabilities, both directly (e.g. as prices) or indirectly (e.g. derived from provisions),
- Level 3: data inputs which are not based on observable market prices (unobservable data inputs).

As at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 the Group held no financial instruments valued at fair value.

27. CONTINGENT ITEMS

The Parent has contingent liabilities on account of real property tax and on account of legal claims arising in the normal course of its business activities.

Real property tax

The contingent liability concerning the value of mine workings from which the Parent does not create a provision (provision for real property tax, in its parts deemed as probable by the Parent, amounts to PLN 10,608,000 and is presented in Note 17), may primarily result from the existing discrepancies between the position of the Group and the position of tax authorities with respect to the subject of that tax. The issue revolves around the question of whether in the mine workings there are any structures within the meaning of the Act on Local Taxes and Charges which would be subject to the property tax. The discrepancies may occur with regard to the value of particular facilities – in the event that it is agreed that the facilities are subject to the real property tax. The extent of such liability has not changed significantly compared to the end of the prior financial year (as at 31 December 2019).

Patent claims

The contingent liability for legal claims related to the fee for co-inventors of inventions covered with patents no. 206048 and 209043 functioning at the Parent from which the Parent does not create provision may primarily result from impossibility to assess whether the claim in question is justified and different positions taken by the Parent and the co-inventors of inventions covered with the abovementioned patents. The value of the possible liability as at the day of publishing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements amounts to PLN 48 million. The Parent estimated a provision for remuneration for co-inventors to the best of its knowledge and in line with principles so far applied at the Parent when calculating remunerations for inventors. The item provisions for legal claims shows a provision for legal claims regarding remuneration for co-inventors of inventions covered by patents No. 206048 and 209043, used at the Parent. The amount of remuneration will be subject to analysis of court experts or experts accepted by both parties, to be made upon drafting a technical opinion regarding the patented inventions. On 24 March 2016 a court expert issued an opinion. Subsequently, during the course of 2016, both parties submitted a number of reservations to the opinion. Further, a court expert was heard as regards the prepared opinion; the hearing, which took place on 4 July 2017, was preceded by drawing an additional opinion by the expert. Another trial took place on 5 September 2017; during the trial the Court made decisions as to considering further evidence motions, including further expert opinions, and requested the parties to specify their arguments to the expert opinions. On 1 December 2017 the Regional Court in Lublin issued a decision admitting the evidence in the form of opinions prepared by the University of Science and Metallurgy (AGH) in Kraków and the Silesian University of Technology in Gliwice, Mining and Geology Faculty. The opinion was eventually prepared in March 2020. On 9 June 2020 a trial took place during which the Court decided to prolong the deadline for submitting comments to the additional opinion of the expert. On 20 July 2020 the Parent filed a letter containing comments on the abovementioned opinion. As at the date of preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements no new date of a trial has been set.

The extent of such liability has not changed significantly compared to the end of the prior financial year (as at 31 December 2019).

28. FUTURE CONTRACTUAL LIABILITIES

Investment liabilities

Contractual investment liabilities incurred as at the balance-sheet date, but still not disclosed in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, amount to:

	As at		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Property, plant and equipment	145,437	373,485	305,310
Investment liabilities	145,437	373,485	305,310

29. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED ENTITIES

All transactions with related entities are concluded as part of regular operations of the Group and are performed on an arms' length basis.

Transactions with subsidiaries of the State Treasury of the Republic of Poland

The Group concludes commercial transactions with state administration and local self-government bodies as well as subsidiary entities of the State Treasury of the Republic of Poland.

Key sale transactions include revenue on sales of thermal coal to the following companies: Zakłady Azotowe w Puławach S.A. (Azoty Group), Energa Elektrownie Ostrołęka S.A., PGE Energia Ciepła S.A. and Miejskie Przedsiębiorstwo Energetyki Ciepłej Sp. z o.o. in Chełm.

In the reporting periods ending on 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the value of tradeover on account of sales with the above entities and the total receivables of the Group from those entities were as follows:

	For the period from 1 January to		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Sales in period	98,718	260,977	134,940
Total receivables at end of period including VAT	14,784	22,290	32,208

Key purchase transactions include: purchase of materials (mine lining) from Huta Łabędy S.A., purchase of transport services from PKP Cargo S.A., purchase of the electrical energy distribution services from PGE Polska Grupa Energetyczna, purchase of fuel from Orlen Paliwa Sp. z o.o. as well as payments for mining and prospecting licences.

In the reporting periods ending on 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the value of purchases from the above entities and the total liabilities of the Group to those entities were as follows:

	For the period from 1 January to		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Purchases in period	57,064	129,228	67,512
Total liabilities at end of period including VAT	13,041	10,610	13,661

Transactions with ENEA Group companies

Purchase transactions cover primarily the purchases of electrical energy from ENEA S.A. and materials from ENEA Logistyka Sp. z o.o. as well as services from Enea Centrum Sp. z o.o.

In the reporting periods ending on 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the value of turnover on account of purchases from the ENEA Group companies and the Group's total liabilities towards those entities were as follows:

	For the period from 1 January to		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Purchases in period	45,953	73,105	33,737
Total liabilities at end of period including VAT	17,049	15,726	11,086

Sale transactions cover primarily the sales of thermal coal to ENEA Wytwarzanie Sp. z o.o., ENEA Elektrownia Połaniec S.A., Enea Ciepło Sp. z o.o. and in a small amount to Enea Badania i Rozwój Sp. z o.o.

In the reporting periods ending on 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the value of tradeover on account of sale with the ENEA Group companies and the total receivables of the Group from those entities as at individual balance-sheet dates were as follows:

	For the period from 1 January to		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Sales in period	711,880	1,840,921	934,756
Total receivables at end of period including VAT	145,483	168,051	208,184

In the reporting periods ending on 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the value of dividend due and paid for the Enea Group companies, i.e. Enea S.A. and Enea Wytwarzanie Sp. z o.o. were as follows:

	For the period from 1 January to		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
Dividend payable to the ENEA Group companies	-	-	16,837
Dividend paid to the ENEA Group companies	-	16,837	-
Total dividend	-	16,837	16,837

30. INFORMATION ON REMUNERATION OF THE PARENT'S MANAGEMENT BOARD, THE SUPERVISORY BOARD AND THE COMMERCIAL PROXIES

	For the period of six months ended 30 June	
	2020	2019
Remuneration of Management Board members and commercial proxies	2,179	3,513
Remuneration of the Supervisory Board members	223	263

Apart from the standard remuneration on account of managerial contracts, appointment or employment relationship, no other transactions with key personnel took place in the first half of 2020 and in the same period of the previous year.

31. THE INFLUENCE OF COVID-19 AS AN UNUSUAL EVENT ON COMPANY'S FINANCIAL RESULT

The epidemic of SARS-Cov-2 coronavirus causing the COVID-19 disease has been developing since the beginning of 2020, but arrived to Poland at the beginning of March. The virus itself and the results it brings, together with the results of measures taken by the government for counteracting the epidemic, have affected the condition of the economy both in Poland and globally. For this reason also the activities of the Group have been affected by the current situation. Due to the fact that the abovementioned events intensified as late as at the end of the first quarter 2020, their impact on financial results and the Group's operating activity in Q1 2020 was relatively small. In Q2 2020, however, the impact of the coronavirus epidemic was significantly bigger. At the present moment it is impossible to quantify the exact impact of these events, as the level of sales and Group's operating results are influenced by many more factors apart from COVID-19 nevertheless problems caused by the virus epidemic [decrease in the economic activity in Poland and the related lower demand for electric energy which is followed by a lower production of electric energy and demand for power coal, reduced supplies, materials availability] and the protection measures taken for counteracting virus infection, on one hand result in reducing production and reducing the economy of scale, and on the other - in higher operating costs, which eventually will negatively affect the consolidated financial result. The impact is particularly evident in the decrease of sales revenue in Q2 2020., during which consolidated sales revenue dropped by 31% compared to the analogous period of 2019 (a similar decrease may be observed in comparison to revenue budgeted for Q2 2020). Much of this decline is due to the coronavirus epidemic.

In order to mitigate the negative influence of coronavirus on its financial results, the Group took a number of adjusting and optimizing actions. At the same time the Group constantly analyses the operating and financial situation and it is possible that if legally required conditions are met, the Parent or any of its subsidiaries may apply to relevant institutions to receive support or financing.

In the long term, it is assumed that when the epidemic ends the domestic economy will return to regular development, the demand for electric energy will increase which will translate into higher demand for thermal coal mined by the Parent.

32. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE-SHEET DATE

After the balance-sheet date, to the best of the Group's knowledge, no material event occurred, which could affect the Group's financial result as at 30 June 2020, and were not disclosed in the Group's condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

On 29 July 2020 an Annual General Shareholders Meeting of the Parent was held, during which new members were appointed to the Supervisory Board for the joint three-year term of office. The appointment shall take effect on 30 July 2020. Then, on 27 August 2020 an Extraordinary General Shareholders Meeting of the Parent took place, during which the previously appointed members of the Supervisory Board were joined by new ones.

33. APPROVAL OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management Board of Lubelski Węgiel BOGDANKA S.A. declares that as of 2 September 2020, it approves for publication these condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2020.

